## Europäisches Patentamt Beschwerdekammern

#### **European Patent Office** Boards of Appeal

Office européen des brevets Chambres de recours

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Aktenzeichen / Case Number / N<sup>O</sup> du recours :

J 25/89

Anmeldenummer / Filing No / NO de la demande :

88 104 961.3

Veröffentlichungs-Nr. / Publication No / No de la publication :

0 285 057

Bezeichnung der Erfindung:

Modified labelled nucleotides and polynucleotides

Title of invention:

and methods of preparing, utilising and detecting

Titre de l'invention :

same

Klassifikation / Classification / Classement:

## **ENTSCHEIDUNG / DECISION**

C07H 21/00

vom / of / du 19 March 1990

Anmelder / Applicant / Demandeur:

Enzo Biochem Inc.

Patentinhaber / Proprietor of the patent /

Titulaire du brevet :

Einsprechender / Opponent / Opposant :

Stichwort / Headword / Référence :

Number of claims incurring fees/Enzo Biochem

EPÜ / EPC / CBE

Articles 80, 84, Rules 27, 29, 31, 88

Schlagwort / Keyword / Mot clé:

"Number of claims incurring fees" -

"Content of the description" - "Form and

content of claims"

Leitsatz / Headnote / Sommaire

Europäisches Patentamt

Beschwerdekammern

European Patent Office

Boards of Appeal

Office européen des brevets

Chambres de recours

Case Number: J 25/89



DECISION of the Legal Board of Appeal of 19 March 1990

Appellant:

Enzo Biochem, Inc. 325 Hudson Street

New York, New York 10013 (US)

Representative:

Peter A. Rauh

Vossius & Partner Sieberstrasse 4

8000 München 80 (DE)

Decision under appeal:

Decision of the Receiving Section

of Office the European Patent

dated 17 March 1989

Composition of the Board:

Chairman: P. Ford

Members : L.C. Mancini

F. Benussi

# Summary of Facts and Submissions

- I. Euro-PCT patent application No. 88 104 961.3 was filed on 28 March 1988 on behalf of the Appellant, a US corporation. Priority was claimed from a US application dated 23 June 1982.
- II. In the Request for Grant form (Box 37 "number of claims") was entered the number 19. Under the heading "Claims" at pages 121 to 125 of the application there were in fact 19 claims and 9 claims fees were paid on 28 March 1988.

From page 9 to page 64 of the description under the heading "Preferred embodiments of the present invention are explained in detail in the following enumeration", there were 296 numbered paragraphs, each of which corresponded to a claim in the US priority application, but none of which was referred to as a claim: each paragraph was called an "item".

III. On 1 September 1988 the Receiving Section, by a communication pursuant to Article 91(2) and Rule 41(1) EPC (EPO Form 1068), informed the Appellant's professional representative that the fees for the additional "Claims 1-296" annexed to the description could be paid within 2 months from receipt of the communication, and referred to decision J 5/87 of 6 March 1987. By a further communication (EPO Form 1066) dated 6 December 1988, the representative was informed that since fees for such claims had not been paid in due time, they were deemed to have been abandoned (Rule 31(2) EPC).

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VI. The Appellant filed a Notice of Appeal on 17 March 1989 and presented the Statement of Grounds on 17 May 1989, paid the appeal fee and requested oral proceedings as an auxiliary measure, requesting that the decision under appeal be set aside.

#### Reasons for the Decision

- 1. The appeal complies with Articles 106 to 108 and Rule 64 EPC and is therefore admissible.
- 2. The Board finds that the application as filed contains Claims 1 to 19 which constitute claims within the meaning of Article 84 EPC and are included in a section identified as containing claims. Furthermore, in this context in the application and in his letter dated 3 March 1989, the Appellant has expressed a clear intention that the disputed 296 sentences should not be treated as claims. In these circumstances, it can be reasonably accepted, for the purpose of examination prior to search, that Claims 1 to 19 are those which the Appellant wants and that matter contained elsewhere (i.e. "preferred embodiments 1 to 296") is not intended to be claims, whatever may be its form or substance.
- J 16/88 dated 18 August 1989 and J 29/88 dated 18 October 1989) the Legal Board of Appeal has held that parts of the descriptions of European patent applications (headed respectively "Preferred features of the invention", "Various aspects of the present invention" and "Summary of the invention") and each containing a series of paragraphs, could not be considered as containing claims since the specification in question also comprised a

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section identified as claims and actually containing claims.

Such decisions do not conflict with that in case J 5/87 where the addendum to the description had the form and substance of claims and the Applicant by his language had clearly shown an intention that the matter of the addendum should also be treated as claims.

- 4. In the present case, the disputed 296 enumerated sentences (paragraphs) constitute part of the description, rather than an addendum to the description. They are never referred to as claims. Hence, it is not justified to presume that the Appellant intended them to be claims.
- 5. In the Board's view, since the facts underlying the decision in Case J 5/87 differ significantly from those of the present case, the ratio decidendi expressed in the decision in Case J 5/87 cannot extend to the present case.
- Accordingly, the Board takes the view that for the purpose of Rule 31 EPC the only part of the specification to be considered as claims is the section so headed and that, at the time of filing, the 296 "preferred embodiments" did not represent "claims incurring fees", within the meaning of Rule 31(1) EPC. The Board does not consider it necessary to take into account the Appellant's argument based on the contents of the parent application in reaching this conclusion.
- 7. The fact that the Receiving Section asked the Appellant to pay claims fees for the 296 preferred embodiments without correctly considering the Appellant's intention regarding the matter to be protected does not, in the Board's view, constitute a substantial procedural violation within the

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meaning of Rule 67 EPC. Consequently, the appeal fee is not to be reimbursed.

Oral proceedings were requested in case the Board might consider it should reject the appeal. In fact, the Board accepts the Appellant's arguments and sets aside the impugned decision as requested without holding oral proceedings. The request for oral proceedings is understood to apply only if the Board considered rejecting the appeal itself, and not if it merely considered that it should reject reimbursement of the appeal fee.

Order

For these reasons, it is decided that:

The decision of the Receiving Section is set aside.

The Registrar:

The Chairman:

J. The

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