Datasheet for the decision
of 8 June 2011

Case Number: T 0196/08 - 3.5.01
Application Number: 00989552.5
Publication Number: 1247202
IPC: G06F17/00
Language of the proceedings: EN

Title of invention: PLACING A PURCHASE ORDER USING ONE OF MULTIPLE PROCUREMENT OPTIONS

Applicant: Amazon.Com, Inc.

Headword: Placing an order/Amazon

Relevant legal provisions: EPC 1973 Art. 56

Keyword: "Inventive step (no)"
Case Number: T0196/08 - 3.5.01

DECISION
of the Technical Board of Appeal 3.5.01
of 8 June 2011

Appellant: Amazon.Com, Inc.
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Decision under appeal: Decision of the Examining Division of the
European Patent Office posted 16 August 2007
refusing European patent application No.
00989552.5 pursuant to Article 97(1) EPC 1973

Composition of the Board:
Chairman: S. Wibergh
Members: P. Scriven
P. Schmitz
Summary of Facts and Submissions

I. The appeal is against the Examining Division's decision to refuse European patent application 00989552.5.

II. The Examining Division took its decision on the basis of a main and an auxiliary request. They found the subject matter defined by claim 1 to lack inventive step in both cases, and for the same reasons. They considered the claims to consist of a mixture of technical and non-technical features. The non-technical features defined a business scheme. The only technical features were a computer system comprising a display component, and a further component able to send data to a server computer. At point 3.2(c), they noted that neither the claim nor the application as a whole describe any technical interaction between the features constituting the business scheme ... and the technical features ... which would go beyond the mere automation of the business related steps.

III. Together with the statement setting out the grounds of appeal, the appellant filed new main and first auxiliary requests. The requests underlying the Examining Division's decision were maintained as second and third auxiliary requests. The appellant requested that the Examining Division's decision be set aside, and that the Board decide on the allowability of the main request, or, alternatively, on the allowability of the first to third auxiliary requests, or, as a final alternative, that oral proceedings be arranged.

IV. Claim 1 according to the main request reads as follows.

A method for ordering at least one item using a client system, the method comprising:
displaying information to a second user
identifying at least one item which has been
selected from a wish list containing one or
multiple items desired by a first user; for each
of multiple procurement options having information
related to ordering, displaying an indication of
the procurement option such that selection of the
displayed indication represents using the
information of the procurement option for ordering
of the identified item with at least one
indication of a procurement option containing
delivery information associated to the first user
as well as payment information associated to the
second user; and after selection of said displayed
indication, sending to a server system a request
to order the identified item using the information
of the procurement option for the selected
indication, leading to delivery of the item to the
first user and payment of the item by the second
user.

V. Claim 1 according to the first auxiliary request reads
as follows.

A method for ordering an item using a client
system, the method comprising:
displaying information identifying the item; for
each of multiple procurement options having
information related to ordering, displaying an
indication of the procurement option such that
selection of the displayed indication represents
using the information of the procurement option
for ordering of the identified item; and after
selection of a displayed indication, sending to a
server system a request to order the identified
item using the information of the procurement
option for the selected indication;
wherein the identified item is indicated to be
desired by a first user, wherein the multiple
procurement options are associated with a second
user to whom the information identifying the item
is displayed, wherein the selection of a displayed
indication of one of the procurement options is by
the second user, and wherein the sent request is
to order the identified item for the first user
such that payment information of the procurement
option associated with the selected indication
will be used to purchase the identified item and
such that delivery information associated with the
first user will be used to deliver the to
identified item to the first user, said delivery
information being part of at least one of said
procurement options.

VI. Claim 1 according to the second auxiliary request reads
as follows.

A computer system for ordering an item,
comprising:
a display component able to display information
identifying the item and able to display an
indication of multiple procurement options each
having sufficient information to complete an order
for the identified item, each procurement option
such that selection of the procurement option
represents using the information of the
procurement option for ordering of the identified
item; and
an item ordering component able to, after a
procurement option is selected, send to a server
computer a request to order the identified item
using the information of the selected procurement
option, wherein
the identified item is indicated to be desired by
a first user, wherein each of the multiple
procurement options are associated with a second
user to whom the information identifying the item
is displayed, wherein the selection of a displayed
indication of one of the procurement options is by
the second user, and wherein the sent request is
to order the identified item for the first user
such that payment information of the procurement
option associated with the selected indication
will be used to purchase the identified item and
such that delivery information associated with the
first user will be used to deliver the identified
item to the first user; and
the payment information of the procurement option
associated with the selected indication will be
used to purchase the identified item for the first
user only when a cost of the identified item is
below a specified threshold.

VII. Claim 1 according to the third auxiliary request reads
as follows.

A method for ordering an item using a client
system, the method comprising:
displaying information identifying the item; for
each of multiple procurement options having
information related to ordering, displaying an
indication of the procurement option such that
selection of the displayed indication represents
using the information of the procurement option
for ordering of the identified item; and after
selection of a displayed indication, sending to a
server system a request to order the identified
item using the information of the procurement
option for the selected indication; wherein the identified item is indicated to be desired by a first user, wherein each of the multiple procurement options are associated with a second user to whom the information identifying the item is displayed, wherein the selection of a displayed indication of one of the procurement options is by the second user, and wherein the sent request is to order the identified item for the first user such that payment information of the procurement option associated with the selected indication will be used to purchase the identified item and such that delivery information associated with the first user will be used to deliver the to identified item to the first user; and wherein the payment information of the procurement option associated with the selected indication will be used to purchase the identified item for the first user only when a cost of the identified item is below a specified threshold.

VIII. In the statement of grounds, the appellant was of the view that the Examining Division had incorrectly understood the general idea of the invention. On page 3, the appellant expressed it in this way:—

The Examining Division seems to consider each element separately without taking into account the interrelation of the different elements and thus has not honored the technical contribution achieved by the present invention.
It is not that the present invention simply suggests the desire that a second user selects and pays an item that is delivered to a first user. Instead, the present invention provides a technical solution for realizing such a method. It is by providing the procurement options that can be selected by the second user that allow for such flexibility. In accordance with a preferred embodiment reflected by the main request, it is in particular the presence of the wish list, previously established by the first user that allows the second user to select an item that is actually desired by the first user. In other words, the fact that an electronically available wish list that is prepared by the first user is made available for the second user for selecting the item, provides a technical solution how to communicate an actual desire of the first user to the second user who carries out the selection.

IX. The Board scheduled oral proceedings for 8 June 2011. Together with the summons, the Board sent a communication, in which its provisional analysis was set out.

In that analysis, the Board presented a list of features which it regarded as non-technical. In effect, those features described non-technical methods. The remaining, that is, technical features defined in claim 1 according to the main request and to each of the three auxiliary requests, were said to have been obvious to the skilled person faced with the task of implementing those non-technical methods.
The appellant sent no arguments, amendments, or requests in response to the summons, and was not represented at the oral proceedings.

Reasons for the Decision

1. The invention concerns a system permitting a second user to order items which are desired by a first user.

1.1 In claim 1 according to the second auxiliary request, the system is specified to be a computer system; in the other requests, it is simply a client system. In the following the Board will interpret client system as client computer system, in accordance with the description.

2. The Board regards the following features as non-technical.

   a) Displaying (here in the sense of "presenting") information identifying items which may be ordered.

   b) Displaying information identifying procurement options, for example, how payment can be made, or delivery effected (see the paragraph bridging pages 28 and 29 of the application as published).

   c) Ordering an item, once the customer has selected a procurement option.

   d) Identifying items desired by a (potentially) different person.

   e) Purchasing an item, and requesting that it be delivered.
f) Using payment information to make a purchase only if the cost is below a threshold.

3. The main request

3.1 The features mentioned under 2 a) - e) are not technical, and so the technical content of claim 1 is a method, implemented on a client computer system which has a display component, and a component which can send data to a server. The display must be capable of displaying information identifying at least one item and a plurality of procurement options. The component which can send data to a server must be capable of sending an order.

3.2 The Examining Division did not address this request, but it is evident that they considered such client computer systems to have been well known before the priority date. The appellant has not taken issue with that. Neither does the Board.

3.3 The assessment of inventive step starts from the skilled person who is faced with the task of automating features 2 a) - e). The question comes down to this: would the skilled person, faced with this task, arrive at the use of a computer system with display means, and with a component able to communicate with a server?

3.4 The Board's preliminary answer to that question, as communicated to the appellant with the summons to oral proceedings, was that she would. In particular, she would recognize that a client computer system has all the components required. She would also recognize, that, although a degree of programming is involved, that would not present any technical difficulty.
The appellant has presented no arguments against that preliminary answer, and the Board sees no reason to deviate from it.

The Board, therefore, considers that the subject matter of claim 1 does not involve an inventive step, in the sense defined in Article 56 EPC 1973.

The first auxiliary request

The Board’s preliminary view, as communicated to the appellant together with the summons, was that claim 1 according to this request was a rewording of claim 1 according to the main request, and that the rewording did not affect the assessment of inventive step.

The appellant has presented no arguments against that view, and the Board sees not reason to change it.

The Board, therefore, considers that the subject matter of claim 1 does not involve an inventive step, in the sense defined in Article 56 EPC 1973.

The second auxiliary request

Claim 1 according to this request, unlike claim 1 according to the other requests, defines a computer system.

The features defined in Claim 1 all correspond to features defined in claim 1 according to the main request, except that now payment information will be used to purchase only when a cost is below a specified threshold. That corresponds to feature 2 f).
5.3 That feature refers to a decision which is taken outside the computer system defined by claim 1, and which could even be a pure mental act. However, even if the stated condition were to be evaluated by part of the computer system, it would imply, technically, at most, that the computer system is able to compare a cost with a threshold, and perform different actions depending on the result. That is something any general purpose computer can do.

5.4 The Board, therefore, considers the subject matter of claim 1 not to involve an inventive step (Article 56 EPC 1973).

6. The third auxiliary request

6.1 As the Examining Division stated, claim 1 is essentially claim 1 according to the second auxiliary request, recast as a method.

6.2 The Board's preliminary view, as sent to the appellant together with the summons, was that the argument regarding inventive step for the second auxiliary request, applied equally well here. The appellant has presented no arguments against that view, and the Board sees no reason to change it.

6.3 The Board, therefore, considers the subject matter of claim 1 to lack inventive step (Article 56 EPC 1973).
Order

For these reasons it is decided that:

The appeal is dismissed.

The Registrar: 

The Chairman:

T. Buschek

S. Wibergh